## 'Call to RESET' ep. 4 March, 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021 "The Law of Emergency!"

By Dahni © 2021, all rights reserved

Good Day and welcome to 'Call to RESET' ep. 4. Today's title is—

#### "The Law of Emergency!"

First, I want to give some additional information and a correction from the last podcast ep. 3. In the last episode ("The Law is Silent!"), I did mention that I might provide show notes or a transcript of this episode. I did in a couple of places. It is in the form of a PDF file and you can find on my blog 'Call to RESET'. Just look for and click on the PDF icon (image). Here the link (short url) to my blog https://calltoreset.wordpress.com:

#### https://wp.me/pcQltm-4r

Today's information is somewhat complex and I may read all or most of it? It is important. But I wrote it or will quote it. Much, but not all of it comes from my book, 'RESET' (An UN-alien's Guide to Resetting Our Republic). For more information see:

#### https://RESETbook.com

Again, I may post the show notes or transcript for this episode?.

But in 1863, the U.S. Congress passed the Conscription Act and President Lincoln signed it. It produced the first wartime draft of U.S. citizens in American history. The act called for registration of all males between the ages of 20 and 45, including aliens with the intention of becoming citizens, by April 1, 1863. There were compassionate exceptions or exemptions. Other exemptions from the draft could be by finding a substitute draftee. Who could you send in your "stead"? Could someone under the age of 20 or over the age of 45 be drafted? Yes, with permission of a parent/caretaker if under 20 or you could volunteer if over 45, but in both cases, all had to be accepted and approved for service, by the draft board. Who else could you send in your "stead", perhaps a slave? Yes! Blacks were not required to go to the draft board. They were exempted because, they were neither considered to be citizens or aliens intending to become citizens. But many volunteered!

Another exemption from the draft could be bought for \$300. Some believe this could be between 3-5,000 dollars or even upwards of \$30,000 today. These intended or unintended clauses led to the consequences of the bloody draft riots in many major cities and New York City. Protesters in NY were especially outraged that exemptions were effectively granted, only to the wealthiest U.S. citizens!

#### A correction:

In speaking about the 'Draft Riot' in ep. 3 I mistakenly said that Thoreau, (Henry David Thoreau), in response to the horrible consequences of that riot said, "Black, Black, Black!" This riot occurred July 13-16, 1863. Thoreau died in 1862. The quote is from my book, but the author is not attributed there because, I do not know then who said it or now. It could have been Walt Whitman, but I do not know this either. Still, I stand by the quote—"Black, Black, Black!" No matter who said this or whose identity I can or cannot prove, it is still accurate! It is easy to imagine what people living in the area the morning of July 16<sup>th</sup>, 1863, would have seen and felt as smoke rose to crowd out the sun, "Black, Black, Black!"

And as if, the sewers had been opened and some reptilian force in the guise of human beings had risen under cover of— "Black, Black, Black," it was more like reptiles than humans. This would certainly describe the behavior of people that had lost their minds and nearly destroyed the city! "Black, Black, Black"— certainly describes this, the worst riot in all the history of these United States, to the present day! Is there any wonder now WHY, we were not taught these things in school? "Black, Black, Black"— is our nature to erase, forget and to not want to be reminded, of the evils that we have done and do, to each other!

Last time we dealt with, "The Law is Silent!" It is one of four things we need to know and understand. It is part of a mathematical axiom (accepted as true), that—

## Things = to the same things, are = to each other

Today, here is another or the second one—

## "The Law of Emergency!"

Although these exact words or the word "emergency" do not appear in the U.S. Constitution, they are in it, in there in sum and substance or implied. How is this so?

# "The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the <u>public Safety may require</u> it.

Excerpt from: Article 1 Section 9: Powers Denied Congress, U.S. Constitution

This section primarily is about Congress. First notice that "the privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus," the right to a civil trial, "shall NOT be suspended unless..":

- a. rebellion
- b. invasion
- c. "public safety require it"

"Public Saftey may require it..."? Another way of stating this is, under "extraordinary Occasions."

"...on <u>extraordinary Occasions</u>, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper;..."

Excerpt from: Article II Section 3 (Executive), U.S. Constitution

This is speaking about the executive branch and specifically, the President of the United States.

In other words, the President has an additional power which is to convene both houses of Congress and adjourn them, but "on extraordinary Occasions." But also, "on extraordinary Occasions," as did President Abraham Lincoln, the President can in the absence of Congress, call out the military or call up the militia (National Guard), to active status. He can and did suspend the Writ of Habeas Corpus (denied the right to a civil trial). These he could do under the Constitution, in the absence of Congress ("the public Safety"), required it, in cases of invasion, rebellion (insurrection), or if "Public Safety require it."

The Constitution does not define what "extraordinary Occasions," are or the time (how long), it is to last. Neither does it define what "public Safety...." is nor how long it is supposed to last. But "extraordinary Occasions" is equal to "public Safety" and both are equal to, some "emergency".

#### Things = to the same things, are = to each other

Just remember these things, as all things in the Constitutions have limits! Yes, war has limits (In Times of War, the Law is Silent), the Conscription Act and the Lieber Code had limits. A state of emergency has limits. Sooner NOT later, things are supposed to return to ordinary occasions!!! It does not rain every day (maybe a lot of days, but NOT every day! And the sun does not shine every day. Everything in life and everyone has limits. There are only two reasons WHY, things remain under extraordinary Occasions. It's either intentional or it is a mindset, doing the same things over and over again! I am not here to prove that any of this is intentional! But the "The Law of Emergency," has continued to this day and time and hour and year of 2021, just like "In Times of War, the Law is Silent," has, since 1860-1863.

Let us hear and reason together over some of the words by Thomas Jefferson, way, way back in the middle and latter ends of the 1700's.

"...And to preserve their independence, we must not let our rulers load us with perpetual debt. We must make our election between economy and liberty or profusion and servitude. If we run into such debts as that we must be taxed in our meat and in our drink, in our necessaries and our comforts, in our labors and our amusements, for our callings and our creeds, as the people of England are, our people, like them, must come to labor sixteen hours in the twenty-four, and give the earnings of fifteen of these to the government for their debts and daily expenses; and the sixteenth being insufficient to afford us bread, we must live, as they now do, on oatmeal and potatoes; have not time to think, no means of calling the mismanager's to account; but be glad to obtain subsistence by hiring ourselves to rivet their chains on the necks of our fellow sufferers..."

Thomas Jefferson - The Making of America, p. 395

WOW, was that prophetic? Or was this merely written out of experience and common sense? Well, here is a summation of pretty much how government does stuff—

## Court-Crime-Revenue-Raising-Activities

Abraham Lincoln argued at his first inauguration March 4th, 1861, that the Union is perpetual "if not expressed," in the Constitution it "is implied," he said. But it is only perpetual if WE the People allow it to continue. And he also made that clear in his address. And he also and correctly stated that the Constitution essentially has no 'trigger,' Article, Section, Clause or single word to destroy itself or replace itself. There is not a single word to replace the Constitution. Not a single word, but there are three—

"WE the People!"

This is where WE the People started:

WE the People
The Constitution
The Government (3) Branches in the following order
Legislative then Executive and third is the Judiciary
Designated and Limited Powers - "extraordinary Occasions"
Executive - President

This is where we the little wee people are now:

The Government (3) Branches in the following order
The Executive - The Legislative - The Judiciary
"Legal Fiction" - District States
Invasion - Lieber Code, Martial Law
U.S. Government - sovereign
U.S. Government - incorporated
U.S. Code - regularly renewed State of Emergency
we the persons - all property = public property - enemies of the state

Mind boggling isn't it? The order is all mixed up - messed up. But it started with WE the People downward. The Executive under "Legal Fiction' took it down to WE the People. Guess what? WE got it, WE get it and WE can RESET it!

Let's jump ahead past 1863 and see if anything "extraordinary" continues. Let's try 1933.

#### By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation

"Whereas public interests require that the Congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at twelve o'clock, noon, on the Ninth day of March, 1933, to receive such communication as may be made by the Executive; Now, Therefore, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the Capitol in the City of Washington on the Ninth day of March, 1933, at twelve o'clock, noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice. In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the United States."

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT Proclamation 2038 March 5, 1933

It is obvious that President Roosevelt consulted the Constitution from the words "extraordinary occasion" used in his proclamation [Presidential order]. But to me, this also implies that he was not aware that of the actions by President Lincoln from 1861-1863 still stood, and the entire country was still under a state of emergency.

Now, let's make a quick trip and stop at the modern progression of the concept of the State of Emergency, beginning in 1917.

#### TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACT October 6, 1917.

During World War I, President Woodrow Wilson submitted and Congress passed this act. Its prime intentions were to define, regulate and punish trading with the enemy among other purposes. This act defined who the enemies were and gave government total authority over those defined as enemies. But there was one exception—

#### "other than citizens of the United States."

Excerpt from Section 2, Subdivision (c): Trading With the Enemy Act 1917

"That the President may investigate, regulate, or prohibit, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, by means of licenses or otherwise, any transactions in foreign exchange, export or earmarkings of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, transfers of credit in any form (other than credits relating solely to transactions to be executed wholly within the United States)."

Excerpt from Section 5 (b): Trading With the Enemy Act 1917

Then in 1933, there was the—

#### EMERGENCY BANKING ACT March 9, 1933.

Most of us remember in school, reading or hearing about the Great Depression of 1929. But in 1933 there was a banking emergency. What few may understand is the emergency was basically that the government was bankrupt. Those that owned the loans or extended credit to the government essentially, "called in their loans." The debt or at least the interest on the debt was due. Paper money was not acceptable. The creditors wanted to be paid in gold.

The first problem was that there was only a limited supply of gold in the entire world. The United States had only a limited amount.

The second problem was that the United States owed more than it had, to pay the debt. Now why did government spend more than it took in, in the first place? Our debt was forgiven, but in exchange for what— Gold and future contracts for interest on future loans.

Shortly after this, all gold was confiscated and it became illegal to own gold except for those whose business required gold such as a jeweler or a dentist. The average citizen was not allowed to own hardly any gold, until, President Gerald Ford removed that restriction in 1973, forty years later!

But back in 1933, President Roosevelt called for a special and "extraordinary" [another "extraordinary Occasion"] session of Congress in Proclamation 2038. At that session he presented a bill, an Act, to provide for relief in the existing national "emergency" in banking and for other purposes.

The confiscation of gold and the removal of gold and silver from being the lawful tender for the United States to pay its bills and replacing it with Federal Reserve Notes prevent the government from operating according to the Constitution. And it prevents the states from doing so as well, under ordinary occasions, not "extraordinary Occasions."

According to the World Gold Council there was approximately \$232 billion dollars of gold in the entire world based on the price of gold on October 14, 2011 at just over \$1,600 per ounce. According to The U.S. Mint at Fort Knox, KY, at those then current gold prices, WE had about \$15 billion of the total world supply of gold. Our current debt is how many trillions of dollars? It was the same situation in 1933. The government owed more, than it had the ability to pay.

Now I get that there was and is only so much gold. The point is that the Constitution requires the debts to be paid in gold or silver. So couldn't Congress have proposed, the states ratified an amendment use some other additional "tender" for payment of debts public and private? Yes. Was this done? No. Why was it not? Under "extraordinary Occasions" or a "State of Emergency," the Congress did not have to operate under ordinary occasions. Anyway, back to the Emergency Banking Act of 1933.

"The actions, regulations, rules, licenses, orders and proclamations heretofore or hereafter taken, promulgated, made, or issued by the President of the United States or the Secretary of the Treasury since March the 4th, 1933, pursuant to the authority conferred by subdivision (b) of Section 5 of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended, are hereby approved and confirmed."

#### Excerpt from the EMERGENCY BANKING ACT

Note: The previous excerpt was from The Emergency Banking Act, March 9, 1933, Title 1 Section 1:

Any actions, orders or proclamations [presidential orders], from that time forward made by the President, were or would be approved and confirmed. That was like giving a blank check to the President. So pretty much whatever the president wants is already approved in advance. Does this at all sound familiar today? Go see for yourself and check into current Presidential orders. Go look at 12 USC Section 95 (b) of the United States Code. Is it still on the books, does it still apply today? Yep.

Oh, and by the way, remember the law of 1917 did not include the citizens of the United States as enemies of the state? But the Emergency Banking Act of 1933 had an amendment. Section 2 states:

"Subdivision (b) of Section 5 of the Act of October 6, 1917
(40 Stat. L. 411), as amended, is hereby amended as follows;
During time of war or during any other time of national emergency declared by the President, the President may, through any agency that he may designate, or otherwise, investigate, regulate, or prohibit, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, by means of licenses or otherwise, any transactions in foreign exchange, transfers of credit between or payments by banking institutions as defined by the President and export, hoarding, melting, or earmarkings of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, by any person within the United States or anyplace subject to the jurisdiction thereof."

Excerpt from the EMERGENCY BANKING ACT March 9, 1933

From March 9, 1933 and as long as this law remains on the books, every single (person not individuals), but "persons" including corporations are all public property and "enemies of the state." As far as any commercial, monetary or business transactions were concerned/are concerned, United States citizens were/are no longer any different from any other enemy of the United States. All persons are surety for transactions. Persons and future persons are the backing for all debts of the government. In exchange for servitude, persons are granted privileges and immunities (freedoms).

What? You and I since March 9, 1933 were born into slavery and we are slaves still! This includes (by the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment), anyone 88 years of age or older still living today! Our worth to the creditors is based on our possessions and real estate (not property), and our skills, talents and abilities the creditors can take plus interest, to satisfy the debt! Now WE know who owes the trillions of dollars of debt. You, our children's children and I owe! I don't know about you, but I want reparations— (monetary or other compensation payable by all those that took it from each individual, for a historical wrong), and with interest!!!

In 1933, Congressman Beck had this to say about the State of Emergency:

"I think of all the damnable heresies that have ever been suggested in connection with the Constitution, the doctrine of emergency is the worst. It means that when Congress declares an emergency there is no Constitution. This means its death....But the Constitution of the United States, as a restraining influence in keeping the federal government within the carefully prescribed channels of power, is moribund [at the point of death], if not dead. We are witnessing its death-agonies, for when this bill becomes a law, if unhappily it becomes law, there is no longer any workable Constitution to keep the Congress within the limits of its constitutional powers."

Congressman James Beck in Congressional Record 1933

Well, "Unhappily," it did become law. Now, let us fast forward to, 1973. Let's take a look at a little of the War Powers Resolution of November 7, 1973.

War Powers Resolution Joint Resolution (H. J. Res. 542) November 7, 1973

SEC. 2. (a) It is the purpose of this joint resolution to fulfill the intent of the framers of the Constitution of the United States and insure that the collective judgment of both the Congress and the President will apply to the introduction of United States Armed Forces into hostilities, or into situations where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances, and to the continued use of such forces in hostilities or in such situations. (b) Under article I, section 8, of the Constitution, it is specifically provided that the Congress shall have the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution, not only its own powers but also all other powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.(c) The constitutional powers of the President as Commander-in-Chief to introduce United States Armed Forces into hostilities, or into situations where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances, are exercised only pursuant to (1) a declaration of war, (2) a specific statutory authorization, or (3) a national emergency created by attack upon the United States, its territories or possessions, or its armed forces.

Excerpts from: The War Powers Resolution

Just twelve days later, this is what the senate report had to say about this joint resolution:

"Since March 9, 1933, the United States has been in a state of declared national emergency.... Under the powers delegated by these statutes, the President may: seize property; organize and control the means of production; seize commodities; assign military forces abroad; institute martial law; seize and control all transportation and communication; regulate the operation of private enterprise; restrict travel; and, in a plethora of particular ways, control the lives of all American citizens. A majority of the people of the United States have lived all of their lives under emergency rule. For 40 years, [now 88] freedoms and governmental procedures guaranteed by the Constitution have, in varying degrees, been abridged by laws brought into force by states of national emergency....from, at least, the Civil War in important ways shaped the present phenomenon of a permanent state of national emergency."

Senate Report, 93rd Congress, November 19, 1973

A "permanent state of national emergency"? How can this be? "Extraordinary Occasions" have never been returned to ordinary occasions. Limits have become limitless. It is the same as—"In Times of War, the Law is Silent"!

#### Things = to the same things, are = to each other

Now I want to close this out on a high note. I hope you get the humor in this, but government's lack of preparation (actually reading the Constitution), on their part, does not warrant an "EMERGENCY" on Our part!!!

For a greater understanding, we need to look to the next item on our list, #3 of (4). Next time—

## "Legal Fiction"

Yes, such a thing does exist and it is legal and it is a legal term. We have come too far together, not to continue. There is hope a coming! This is a 'Call to RESET' and this is coming too!

"Happy trails to you, until WE meet again!"

Roy Rogers & Dale Evans

Dahni 1 of WE



'Call to RESET' ep. 4 March,  $16^{th}$ , 2021 "The Law of Emergency!" By Dahni © 2021, all rights reserved